Louisiana Callers in 2018 SULDE

to the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline



In 2018, the Lifeline received

2.5 million

crisis calls from across the United States

Of the 27,276 callers, 8,741 individuals pressed "1" to be transferred to the Veterans Crisis Line and 223 pressed "2" for Lifeline's Spanish Language Line.

> Ideally, the remaining 18,312 calls in 2018 would have been answered by Lifeline call centers in Louisiana.

27,276

calls were from Louisiana

Of those, 15,209 calls (83%) were able to be answered in-state.

Which meant 3,103 callers in crisis were unable to be answered by Louisiana call centers.

Established in 2005

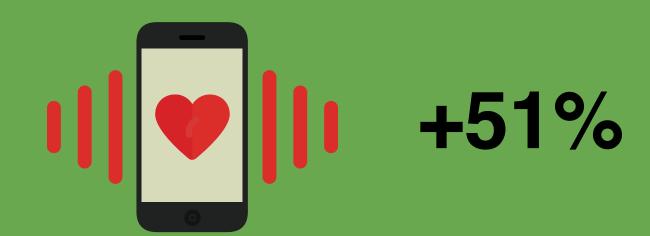
the National Suicide Prevention Lifeline is the nation's most recognized suicide and mental health crisis line.

The Lifeline is not one large national call center. Instead, it is a network of 170 independently operated, independently funded local, regional, and state-level call centers. In 2018, there were 2 Lifeline-affiliated center in Louisiana. They have the critical expertise and linkages to local resources that callers in crisis deserve.

In the event local centers are unable to answer, the Lifeline re-routes calls to backup centers in our network (both in and out-of-state).

To participate in the Lifeline network, centers operate to the highest standards of suicide care. They do an incredible job of de-escalating crisis situations, decreasing emotional distress, and reducing suicidality.





+51%
The number of Lifeline calls that needed answering by Louisiana call centers increased +51% from 2016 to 2018



In 2019, there are 2 Lifeline network call centers 2 in Louisiana



- Louisiana Association on Compulsive Gambling (Shreveport)
- VIA LINK Call Center (New Orleans)

Why were only 83% of 2018's Lifeline calls in Louisiana answered in-state?

Lifeline call centers set the hours and coverage areas for when and where they will take Lifeline calls. They do this based on funding and staffing levels.

Most Lifeline-affiliated call centers in the U.S. (including in Louisiana) answer calls on other helplines in addition to the Lifeline. Despite their very best efforts, call volume can, at times, strain center capacity and callers may hang up while they wait for the next available counselor.

When local call centers are unable to answer, the Lifeline pulls the call back and sends it out of state and into our national backup center subnetwork.

When calls are re-routed to centers out-ofstate, Louisiana callers in crisis wait longer, they receive fewer linkages to effective local care, and they are more likely to abandon their calls.



Proven effective; needing support

The Lifeline's hotline services have been shown by research to be effective, life-saving safety nets for those in crisis (Gould et al., 2007, 2013, 2015, 2017; Ramchand et al., 2016). According to a 2018 survey of Lifeline centers, almost 98% of the crisis calls are de-escalated such that costly, highly-restrictive responses from law enforcement and emergency medical services are not necessary.

The Lifeline is federally funded to manage the call routing, best practice standards, public messaging, capacity-building opportunities and technical assistance for its nationwide network. However, <u>the funds</u> that sustain our network's crisis centers come from state, county and local sources. Many of our network's centers are struggling to find enough funding and resources to operate and grow.

These call centers are key components of Louisiana's city, regional and state behavioral health systems because they represent an entry point into other levels of coordinated care. They provide critical services for Louisiana residents at serious risk, especially those with nowhere else to turn.

Louisiana Lifeline centers need expanded support.

You can advocate for them.



Please join the cause!

Reach out to your local centers and decision-makers in Louisiana.